EMISSION	HARP / CEIDARS								FORM	
YEAR	LOCATION OF EMISSION SOURCES									
20		COMPANY NO.		FAC	ILITY	NO			LOC-ES	
The grid coordinates can be expressed in either the Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Coordinates (see reverse side) to within at least 25 meters or Longitude and Latitude to within at least 0.00025 degrees (1 second). Grid coordinates can obtained from a topographic map or by using one of methods shown in Appendix "G".										
FACILITY N				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
PERMIT NO.		NAME OF DEVICE/PROCESS		COORDINATES *						
			SYS*	METH	I *ZO	NE	EAST		NORTH	
			_							
			1							
* SYS = System used to report coordinates					* METH = Method used to determine coordinates					
UTM83 = Universal Transverse Metcator NAD 83					GPS = Global Positioning System					
UTM27 = Universal Transverse Metcator NAD 27					TOPO = Interpolation from topographic map					
TA = Teale Albers NAD 83					PHO = Interpolation from aerial photograph PER = District Permits					
L/L = Longitude and Latitude OTH = Other, specify system						17.5				
OTH – Other, specify system					OTH = Other, specify method					

<u>Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM)</u>

The National Imagery and Mapping Agency (NIMA) (formerly the Defense Mapping Agency) adopted a special grid for military use throughout the world called the Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) grid. In this grid, the world is divided into 60 north-south zones, each covering a strip 6° wide in longitude. These zones are numbered consecutively beginning with Zone 1, between 180° and 174° west longitude, and progressing eastward to Zone 60, between 174° and 180° east longitude. Thus, the contiguous 48 States are covered by 10 zones, from Zone 10 on the west coast through Zone 19 in New England. In each zone, coordinates are measured north and east in meters. (One meter equals 39.37 inches, or slightly more than 1 yard.) The northing values are measured continuously from zero at the Equator, in a northerly direction. Southerly values are similarly measured from the Equator, south. A central meridian through the middle of each 6° zone is assigned an easting value of 500,000 meters. Grid values to the west of this central meridian are less than 500,000 and to the east, are more than 500,000.

Virtually all NIMA-produced topographic maps and many aeronautical charts show the UTM grid lines.

For more detail go to the following websites:

http://maps.google.com/
http://earth.google.com (free Version)